



The *Weekly Journal*, the oldest daily paper in the State, and the only newspaper in the State every morning, except Saturday.

Still small, compared

to previous Terms in this County,

and most of the cases belong to the criminal docket.

Still twenty-four hours.

When the time for his liberation arrived he was greeted by an immense crowd of citizens, who conducted him to his home with every demonstration of respect and regard. The New Orleans *Plaza* in commenting upon the case says:

"Our readers will perceive in the case of Mr. Booth what those in this city, who refuse to pay the license tax, may expect to be applied to them." A Kellogg judge orders him to close his place of business if he does not obey, and he is again imprisoned and fined.

It is there such unusual and extraordinary number of our fellow citizens taken from their productive industries at this season of planting, to wait upon the Court and Grand Jury for this week, and perhaps much of the next? Is it necessary to subserve the real ends of law and justice? We think not.

We would now, as in the past, the last to advocate violation of the criminal law with impunity; but here it will gather than ourselves, to give oblique assistance to law and to lessen the punishment of criminals. But, in the name of justice, in behalf of the farming and other material interests of our down-trodden and impoverished people—now suffering immensely—will we protest against dragging and impounding our fellowmen? It is to our readers that it is useless to refer to it.

But here the victim is ordered to carry out his own destruction, by closing up his place of business, unless he will pay what is due him.

Finally, they did not recognise him.

Finally, however, our hero returned home and delivered a lecture upon the life of one Ben Franklin, in which he made a brilliant dash in the old centaur style upon the "solid men of Boston." No money in that. Failure No. 8.

Our hero then turned his attention to the "solid men of Boston," to the colored men of North Carolina, and was nominated for Solicitor in the Raleigh District. But time was short, and the story goes that Hawley, a distinguished character who carried the droppings of *cocks* over hotel streets to Governor *Wade*, secured a *ticket*, and thereby caused his defeat. He then came to Wilmington and took a *seat* in his saddle upon the back of his brother. But his course here is so well known to our readers that it is useless to refer to it.

At this brief glance into the history of our hero, we appeal to an indulgent public, or if need to an impartial Grand Jury, to say whether admitting the validity of the argument "by exclusion," we are not justified in thinking that our ex-Chief Judicial, &c., has missed his true vocation, and that some day long after Cantwell's Justice and Cantwell's Libels shall have been forgotten, "Cantwell's Cauchies" will be household words in every court of law.

From the *Advertiser*, *Gen. Clinchman's Letter*.

ASHEVILLE, April 10, 1877.

MESSES CARTER & CO.,

To the friends of the miners,

GENTLEMEN.—I refer to your inquiry with reference to the mines, and the appearance of early operations for the same. I can now, before leaving town, only present you a brief statement.

The old Cherokee Indians, living in some of the western counties, used to speak of a tradition coming down in their tribe, that long ago companies of white men came on miles from the south, worked during the summer, and carried away the minerals. This legend remains to this day, though the emerald ranks next in value to the ruby and the diamond.

Very respectfully yours,

T. L. CLINCHMAN.

From the *Southern Cultivator*.

SHIP RAISING.

Hiatus for Beginners.

A correspondent, writing from Spring Hill, in Tennessee, says:

"My experience in sheep-husbandry is recent, extending only over five or six years. The suggestions I propose to offer, therefore, are intended chiefly for beginners."

There are, however, in other localities, numerous varieties of all descriptions, some of which are much more extensive, and which were done in a different formation. In the year 1867, I examined several of these localities in the counties of Cleveland and Rutherford, and in the early part of 1868, I examined the Ridge, and in Mitchell, Yancey and Buncombe. In most instances the work had been slight, showing that it had been done as a mere experiment, which had not produced any very good results. Some classes, however, are very perfect, and would rather imply that they were mere tests, which had proved unsuccessful.

The intelligent farmer will comprehend that this depends upon locality, soil, &c., quite as much as the question whether to plant cotton, wheat or potatoes. The three classes of sheep are acknowledged by all to be more or less susceptible to certain diseases and defects—a failure to consider which may entail much loss at the outset. It may be well to recapitulate some of these:

1. The Merino is small, slender, active sheep, yielding real weights of fine wool, and a bettering better in large flocks than the English breeds. They are not so prolific as the latter and are apt to be careless mothers. They arrive slowly at maturity, but make good breeders.

2. The Southdown is either the Cotswold or Merino, in weight of wool.

As a mutton sheep, he is unequalled as is much harder than the Merino, and more prolific than the Cotswold, of several hundred doves together. They mature early and the lambs are much sought after by butchers.

3. The Cotswold may be taken as the representative of the Long Wool class. It is a thick-set, fat, and quiet, shorn—the Lincolnshire, as yet quite unknown. They are large, quiet sheep with heavy fleeces of long, loose wool, which do not protect the body from rain and cold quite so well as the short-haired sheep. They are not so prolific as the latter and are apt to be careless mothers. They arrive quickly at maturity, but make good breeders.

The editor of the *Advertiser* says:

"We learn that a man named Noah Bullock, residing near Farmville, in this State, attempted to commit suicide by hanging himself a few days ago, but was cut down by some of his neighbors, and brought to consciousness. Domestic troubles are said to have been his excuse."

The Charlotte Observer says: W. P. Anthony, of Cleveland county, arrived in Charlotte last evening. He was convicted about sixteen months ago of conspiracy, and sentenced to prison for life. He was confined since his trial until Thursday last, when he was pardoned by the President and released.

The Goldsboro' Messenger says:

"The Goldsboro' Messenger talks about snow last Friday night."

The Humphrey House, in Goldsboro', was opened last Saturday.

JAMES McCOSH, D. D., LL. D.,

President of Princeton College, is in Raleigh.

Mr. Edwin Fuller's new novel will soon be out. It is now in the publisher's hands.

The Baptist Sabbath School of Raleigh will picic it at Haywood, Charlotte county, on May Day.

It is generally stated that W. D. Haywood, Esq., will be an independent candidate for Mayor of Raleigh.

Henry J. Taintor, Private Secretary of Gov. Jewell, of Connecticut, has been appointed Commissioner of Deeds for this State, resident at Hartford.

THOMAS S. ASKE, member of Congress from the Sixth District, has given his candidature in the West Point Military Academy to William R. Hill, of Charlotte.

DR. H. J. MENNINGER, late Secretary of State, has entered the drug business and is located on the corner of Third and Market street and Fifth Avenue, New York City.

From the 1st of September, '72, to the 1st of March, '73, there were 11,925 bales of cotton shipped South from Charlotte over the C. C. & A. R. R. The shipment over the N. C. R. E. R. for the month of April, 1877, was 10,000 bales.

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"The religious revival at the Methodist church in Goldsboro' is a great success."

Judge Daily ordered the officers to clear the Court, and both male and female auditors were obliged to depart.

The Bull's Head Bank has received

of the million dollars due the partners, three-quarters of a million have been paid.

The President of the Union Pacific Railroad requires the abrogation of the free pass system.

At a meeting last night, W. A. Garrison, of the Bricklayers Union, raised \$1,000 for the benefit of the colored men who walked the street in illness last winter, owed it to the Union.

New York, April 23.—Noon.—During the train lunacy investigation, Judge Daily requested the females present to give as much information as possible to be given with merit for them to him. Mrs. Brooker, sister of Victoria Woodhull, refused to leave, saying that the evidence would not hurt her.

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THE NEGRO KU-KLUX.  
CONFIRMATION OF THE  
TROUBLES.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY, APRIL 25, 1873.

## STATE NEWS.

Turtle soup in Raleigh.

Hail in Salem last Wednesday.

Eggs 12 cents per dozen in Newbern.

A cotton factory is about to start in Raleigh.

A. McCabe has been nominated by Mayor of the Tarboro Roads.

Wesley Whitaker has been recommended for Mayor by the Democratic party.

The Tarboro Southerner has quit a front reading room in connection with the Colfax trouble.

The colored Good Templar Lodge in Greenbow's number 145 are increasing weekly.

Mr. J. W. Crowell has resigned as Mayor of the City of Wilson.

There will be a day of fasting and abstinence from food on the 10th day of May.

The History of the War of Secession to have a whole column dedicated to the cause of the Union.

We are told that the present General Assembly of the state has been completed. This includes the private as well as the public works, together with the resolutions.

The WARS IN THE EAST.

PACKARD TO THE ATTORNEY  
GENERAL.

## THE U. S. MINISTER TO OREGON.

IF NECESSARY THOUGHS ARE TO  
BE CALLED UP.EVERYBODY KNOWS WHAT  
EVERYTHING MEANS.The Modoc Troubles—How They Be-  
came the Terror of Southern Oregon—First Attempt to Overawe  
Them.The Modoc Indians have been tur-  
bulent and immoral for many years.They have resisted the ad-  
vances of civilization upon their hunting-  
grounds with bravery, and at times vio-  
lently. The following is the history of the troubles which the whites have  
had with the Modocs since they settled  
with the Indians on the Lost River,  
where the tribe was located previous  
to their retreat to the lava beds.The Modoc Indians, a tribe of which  
a remnant remains, have for years been  
a source of distress to the settlers in Southern Oregon.

On the 21st of April, 1872, Captain

John Jack, of the U. S. Cavalry, and his

troops moved against the Indians.

They were met by a force of

Indians who had gathered at

the mouth of the Lost River.

We may say, April 21, 1872, when

Attorney General Hunt, of the Dis-  
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